Memorandum

To: Retirement Liaison Officers
From: Cheryl Price, Operations Officer
Date: May 15, 2019
Re: Implementation of Revised Public Employees’ Retirement System Official Policies

At their March 21, 2019, meeting, the Public Employees’ Retirement Board approved policy revisions pursuant to NRS 286.200. This notice is to inform you of the revised policies that will become effective on July 1, 2019.

Attachment
a. Except as it may conflict with the Nevada Administrative Code at 284.214, call-back pay is defined as compensation earned for returning to duty after a member has completed his regular shift, is off duty for any period of time, and is requested to return to duty with less than 12 hours’ notice.

b. Scheduling the 12-hour rule set forth in subsection (a) will be activated by the electronic call-out required for the shift scheduling from the public employer. Any electronic response system must comply with the 12-hour rule and not allow the employee call-in response to govern notification for purposes of the 12-hour rule.

c. An employer may not convert what would otherwise be an overtime shift to a call-back shift by waiting until there is less than 12 hours’ notice to request a return to duty, if the employer has knowledge more than 12-hours before the start of the shift to be staffed, either through notification or through normal staffing policies, of the staffing need.

d. This policy applies to all members with an effective date of membership on or before December 31, 2009.

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a. Returning to duty within 12 hours after one’s regular working hours to respond to an emergency.

b. As used in this Policy 1.7(a), “emergency” means a sudden, unexpected occurrence that is declared by the governing body or chief administrative officer of the public employer to involve clear and imminent danger and require immediate action to prevent and mitigate the endangerment of lives, health or property.

c. This policy applies to all members with an effective date of membership on or after January 1, 2010.